



Automation Rigging Breakdown



1. Automation Wire

- a. Wire should not have any bumps.
- b. No broken or damaged strands.
- c. No flat spots.
- d. No bird-caging.

2. Bulldog Grip

- a. The U side holding the tail of the Automation Line.
- b. Sitting 30mm above the Wedge Socket and each nut should be at 3.5 nm of torque.

3. Wedge

- a. sitting proud of the socket by 40mm
- b. line sitting in the grove in each side of the socket.

4. Socket

a. Shows no significant damage (eg. scrapes, bending etc.)

5. Clevis and Cotter pins:

- a. Clevis pin ends even on each side of the socket.
- b. A washer on each side of the Clevis Pin.
- c. Cotter Pin has a bent end that does not allow it to exit the Clevis Pin.

6. Master Link

- a. Sitting long ways up and down.
- b. Shows no significant deformation.
- c. Contains an updated cable tie to certify that it has been checked and passed to use.